IN THE CLAIMS:

The following listing replaces all prior versions of the claims.

1-13. (Cancelled)

14. (Previously presented) A compound having the formula

wherein

- m and n are 1 to 2 and x = 1-20;
- each of B is independently selected from the group consisting of H, HO, NH₂, naturally occurring nucleobases adenine (A), thymine (T), cytosine (C) and guanine (G), non-naturally occurring nucleobases, DNA intercalators, heterocyclic moieties and reporter ligands;
- each chiral monomeric unit is independently selected from the four possible diastereomers; and
- R₁=H or Flurophore or Biotin, R₂=OH or NH(CH₂)₂COOH or NH(CH₂)₃NH(CH₂)₄NH(CH₂)₃NH₂.

15. (Previously presented) A compound having the formula

that is heteropolymeric aepPNA III comprising non-chiral aeg unit of aminoethylglycyl PNA I and chiral aep monomeric unit IV

wherein

- each chiral monomer unit is independently selected from the four possible diastereomers;
- a, b, c, d, m, n are integers with independent values in the range 1 to 10;
- R₁ is H, COCH₃ or L (L = dansyl, carboxyfluoresceinyl);
- R_2 is OH, NH₂, NHCH₂CH₂COOH, or NH(CH₂)₃NH(CH₂)₄ NH(CH₂)₃NH₂; and
- each of B is independently selected from the group consisting of H, HO, NH₂, naturally occurring nucleobases, non-naturally occurring nucleobases, DNA intercalators, heterocyclic moieties and reporter ligands.
- 16. (Previously presented) The compound as claimed in claim 15, wherein
 - i) m=n=1, B=T, R₁=H, R₂= NH(CH₂CH₂)COOH, a=7, b=1, c=d=0;
 - ii) m=n=1, B=T, R₁=H, R₂= NH(CH₂CH₂)COOH, a=c=3, b=d=1;

iii) m=n=1, B=T, R₁=H, R₂= NH(CH₂CH₂)COOH, a=b=c=d=1, repeating twice in that order;

- iv) m=n=1, B=T, R₁=H, R₂= NH(CH₂CH₂)COOH, a=b=c=0, d=8; and
- v) m=n=1, B=T, R₁=H, R₂= NH(CH₂CH₂)COOH, a=d=0, b=1, c=7.
- 17. (Currently amended) The compound as claimed in claim 15, wherein oligomers are said compound is synthesized by adaptation of standard solution phase peptide synthesis procedures or standard solid phase peptide synthesis procedures.
- 18. (Currently amended) The compound as claimed in claim 16, wherein oligomers are said compound is synthesized by adaptation of standard solution phase peptide synthesis procedures or standard solid phase peptide synthesis procedures.
- 19. (Previously presented) A monomer precursor-synthon of formula IV.

$$R_1 \stackrel{N}{H} \stackrel{A^*}{\longrightarrow} R_2$$

wherein

- R_1 =H, Boc or Fmoc:
- R_2 = OMe, H, OEt or OBenzyl;
- chirality at positions 2 and 4 results in four diastereomers (2S,4R), (2R,4S), (2S,4S) and (2R,4R); and
- T is a nucleobase.
- 20. (Previously presented) The monomer precursor-synthon as claimed in claim 19 wherein T is a naturally occurring nucleobase.

21. (Canceled)

22. (Currently amended) A process for sequence specific recognition of a single or double stranded polynucleotide DNA or RNA by oligomers as in compound according to claim 14 using compounds of formulae 4a and 6a

according to claim 7.

23. (Currently amended) A process for sequence specific recognition of a single or double stranded polynucleotide DNA or RNA by oligomers as in compound according to claim 15 using compounds of formulae 4a and 6a

according to claim 7.

- 24. (Previously presented) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound according to claim 14, along with any other pharmaceutically effective agent.
- 25. (Previously presented) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound according to claim 15, along with any other pharmaceutically effective agent.
- 26. (New) A process for preparing compounds of formulae 4a and 6a

comprising the steps of

- A. a) synthesizing (N-Boc)-2-aminoethanol from 2-aminoethanol;
 - b) synthesizing (N-Boc)-2-aminoethylbromide from (N-Boc)-2-aminoethanol;
- B. N-alkylation of 4-hydroxyprolinemethylester with (N-Boc)-2-aminoethanol prepared as in step A;
 - (i) alkylation of 4*R*-hydroxy-2*S*-prolinemethylester with (N-Boc)-2-aminoethylbromide to obtain 1-(N-Boc-aminoethyl)-4*R*-hydroxy-2*S*-prolinemethyl ester;
 - (ii) alkylation of 4*R*-hydroxy-2*R*-prolinemethylester with (N-Boc)-2-aminoethyl bromide to obtain 1-(N-Boc-aminoethyl)-4*R*-hydroxy-2*R*-prolinemethyl ester; (iii) alkylation of 4*S*-hydroxy-2*R*-prolinemethylester with (N-Boc)-2-aminoethyl bromide to obtain 1-(N-Boc-aminoethyl)-4*S*-hydroxy-2*R*-prolinemethylester; (iv) alkylation of 4*S*-hydroxy-2*S*-prolinemethylester with (N-Boc)-2-aminoethyl bromide to obtain 1-(N-Boc-aminoethyl)-4*S*-hydroxy-2*S*-prolinemethylester;
- C. Mitsunobu reaction of compounds 1-(N-Boc-aminoethyl)-4R-hydroxy-2S-prolinemethyl ester and (N-Boc)-2-aminoethanol prepared according to steps B(i) and B(ii) with N3-benzoylthymine, to produce monomer synthons of formulae 4a and 6a, respectively.